

碳酸钙水泥：一种碳捕获、利用和储存（CCUS）技术

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摘要：

>40MPa

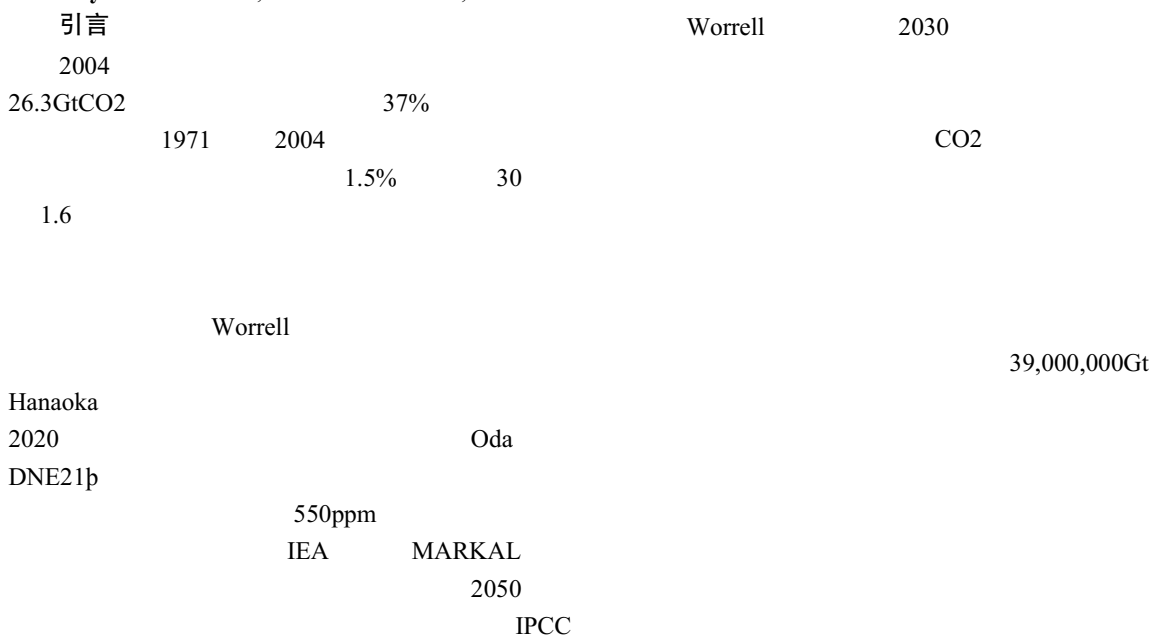
关键词：

Calcium Carbonate Cement: A Carbon Capture, Utilization, and Storage (CCUS) Technique

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Abstract:A novel calcium carbonate cement system that mimics the naturally occurring mineralization process of carbon dioxide to biogenic or geologic calcium carbonate deposits was developed utilizing carbon dioxide-containing flue gas and high-calcium industrial solid waste as raw materials. The calcium carbonate cement reaction is based on the polymorphic transformation from metastable vaterite to aragonite and can achieve >40 MPa compressive strength. Due to its unique properties, the calcium carbonate cement is well suited for building materials applications with controlled factory manufacturing processes that can take advantage of its rapid curing at elevated temperatures and lower density for competitive advantages. Examples of suitable applications are lightweight fiber cement board and aerated concrete. The new cement system described is an environmentally sustainable alternative cement that can be carbon negative, meaning more carbon dioxide is captured during its manufacture than is emitted.

Keywords:Cement; Calcium carbonate; Vaterite



2.水中矿化过程

					NH ₄ Cl		
							CaCl ₂
				NH ₃			
				NH ₄ OH			NH ₃
							40°C
						CSTR	
				11vol%			
	Fontaine	Combes					20
CaCl ₂		Na ₂ CO ₃	600	/			
	vaterite	-					
		3-13					
		Combes			NH ₄ Cl		
					7%	70%	30%

3.分析和测试

	CaO	Ca(OH) ₂					
			C ₂ H ₂				
	Ca(OH) ₂						1.378
Ca/Mg		/CaO		1.58			
				3.2 X			
				ARL QUANT'X		X	
NH ₄ Cl	NH ₄ SO ₄	NH ₄ NO ₃			950°C		60
						LOI	
				3.3 X			
				X'Pert Pro X			
						40 kV 30 mA Cu Kα1	
	CO ₂			=1.5406 Å		5-65°2	0.02°
		CO ₂		4 s		Jade 9	
						MAUD	
				Rietveld			
				3.4			
					SU-6600		SEM
							/
				3.5			
	25wt%					4	10 1 3
		S ²⁻ SO ₄ ²⁻		7 14			
				w/c 0.35			50 x 50 x 50 mm ³
NH ₄ Cl	Ca(OH) ₂			0.1M			ASTM C305

1.材料和方法

ASTM C109 14 60

40 60 80°C 95% 80°C 7 3 4 10 80

1 4 1

60°C

3 7 14 24

40 60 80°C

105°C 4

1 kN/s

4.结果

4.1

MgCl₂ MgSO₄ Mg(C₂H₃O₂)₂

15 4μm

D90 D10 19 11 μm SrCl₂, Sr(C₂H₃O₂)₂

4% 0.4 μm

CSTR

001 15

001 vaterite

/

Nielsen

NH₄Cl

5 讨论

5.1

HCl NH₃ HCl NH₃ 2500

HCl HCl

95% 90wt% Ca(OH)₂

1 wt%

CaCl₂ >99 wt%

4.2

pH 12.4

/

-

/

2019 5.1-6.4

35-60wt% CaO

40

3-13 3-13

40°C 1

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