

超声下臂丛神经阻滞在肩关节疼痛中的应用

田皇华 薛晓慧 张海明 冯 勇 许雪娜 无锡市第八人民医院 江苏 无锡 214016

【摘 要】:目的:

方法: 2020 1 2022 6
结果:

p 0.05

p 0.05

p 0.05 3

p 0.05 结论:

【关键词】:

Application of Ultrasound-guided Brachial Plexus Block and Joint Puncture in the Treatment of Shoulder Pain

Huanghua Tian Xiaohui Xue Haiming Zhang Yong Feng Xuena Xu

Wuxi Eighth People's Hospital Jiangsu Wuxi 214016

Abstract: Objective: To analyze the clinical effects of ultrasound-guided brachial plexus block and joint cavity puncture injection in the treatment of shoulder pain patients. Methods: In this study, some patients with shoulder pain who received treatment in our hospital from January 2020 to June 2022 were selected for comparative treatment. The number of patients in each group was kept equal. One group was treated with ultrasound-guided brachial plexus nerve block (study group). The other group of patients were treated with ultrasound-guided joint puncture (control group), and the final treatment effect of all patients was analyzed to observe whether there was any difference. Results :(1) the pain of patients before and after treatment was scored, there was no significant difference in the scores of patients in the two groups before treatment (P > 0.05), at different time after treatment, there was no significant difference in the pain relief effect of patients in the two groups (P > 0.05); (2) There was no significant difference in psychological status scores before and after treatment (P > 0.05), but the ability scores of patients in the study group were higher than those in the control group (P < 0.05); (3) In terms of satisfaction, patients in the study group were more satisfied (P < 0.05). Conclusion: Ultrasound-guided brachial plexus block puncture and ultrasound-guided joint cavity puncture both have good therapeutic effect on relieving pain of patients, and can be popularized and applied.

Keywords: Ultrasound-guided brachial plexus block; Ultrasound-guided articular cavity puncture; Shoulder pain

1 资料与方法

1.1

2020 1 2022 6



										, =	
	40						8		6-8		6
							1	0			
						1	.4				
	9:11	30- 71	47.86±								SPSS20.0
				7:	13		t	X^2			P 0.05
31-69	46.54	1± 4.45									
							结果				
						2	.1				
							0.0	\	4		
	1						p 0.0)b	1	V 6	
2	'						1			X± S	
_	1										
	2										
							2	8.05±	3.20±	2.04±	1.04.006
1.2							20	0.66	0.62	0.21	1.04± 0.06
								8.38±	3.50±	2.01±	
							20	0.52	0.53	0.11	1.02± 0.10
						t	-	0.152	0.1854	0.141	0.124
						р	_	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
								0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5ml	b6		B12	2ml		2	.2				42 F2
	1ml		20ml [1]			± 3.21		62.51± 4.1	ır		62.52
						± 3.∠		02.31± 4.1		2± 3.10	
						001_ 2.00			68.05± 3.26 67.08		
						± 2.62	2				8.20± 3.62
						54.20± 3.20					
			1%			p 0.05					
			170						p 0.0	5	
			5ml	b6		2	.3				
В	312	2ml			1ml				96.00%		
	20ml						76.00%	6 p 0.05)		
1.3						2	讨论				
						J	1716				
	VAS			10							
	0 1-3		Δ	- 6							
7- 10			'	O							
				SAS							
	SDS							[2]			
		AS									
50			50-	59							
	60-69			70							
SDS	SAS										

临床医学研究: 2022 年 4 卷 9 期

[6]

ISSN: 2705-0939(Print); 2705-0475 (Online)



[3]

[4]

参考文献: [1] , , , . [J]. [5] ,2017,28(3):223-225. , , . [2] [J]. ,2018,27(4):665-668. [3] , , , . . " [J]. ,2019,14(11):2992-2996. [4] . [J]. : ,2018,0(5):111-113. [5] , , , . [J]. ,2019,21(1):131-133. [7] [6] , , , . [J]. ,2017,0(7):39-39. [7] , , , . [J].

,2019,21(1):131-133.

27