

# CT 增强检查中的临床护理路径应用分析

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**【摘要】:** 目的: 2019 年 5 月 2021 年 8 月 CT 增强检查 68 例, 分为参考组 (34 例, 常规护理) 和护理组 (34 例, 临床护理路径), 比较两组护理结果。结果: 与参考组相比, 护理组检查时间更短 ( $P < 0.05$ )。护理前, 两组焦虑和抑郁得分相似 ( $P > 0.05$ )。护理后, 护理组焦虑和抑郁得分低于参考组 ( $P < 0.05$ )。与参考组相比, 护理组不良事件发生率 (如诊断中断、造影剂渗漏和造影剂不良反应) 更低 ( $P < 0.05$ )。与参考组相比, 护理组护理满意度为 100.00%, 高于参考组的 82.35% ( $P < 0.05$ )。结论: 在 CT 增强检查中应用临床护理路径可以缩短检查时间, 稳定患者情绪, 减少可能的不良事件, 提高患者对护理工作的满意度, 具有重要的临床应用价值。

**【关键词】:** CT

## Application of Clinical Nursing Pathway in CT Enhanced Examination

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**Abstract:** Objective: To explore the effect of clinical nursing pathway applied in CT enhanced examination. Methods: A total of 68 patients who underwent CT enhanced examination were included as the research objects. The selection time was May 2019, and the cut-off time was August 2021. They were divided into reference group (34 cases, routine care) and nursing group by computer software. group (34 cases, clinical nursing path), and compared the nursing results between the two groups. Results: Compared with the reference group, the inspection time in the nursing group was shorter ( $P < 0.05$ ). Before nursing, the scores of anxiety and depression in the two groups were similar ( $P > 0.05$ ). After nursing, the scores of anxiety and depression in the nursing group were lower than those in the reference group ( $P < 0.05$ ). Compared with the reference group, the nursing group had lower incidences of adverse events such as diagnostic interruption, contrast agent leakage and adverse reaction to contrast agent ( $P < 0.05$ ). Compared with 82.35% in the reference group, the nursing satisfaction in the nursing group was 100.00% higher ( $P < 0.05$ ). Conclusion: The application of clinical nursing pathway in CT enhanced examination can shorten the examination time, stabilize the patient's emotional state, reduce possible adverse events in the examination, and improve the patient's satisfaction with nursing work, which has significant clinical application value.

**Keywords:** CT enhancement examination; Clinical care pathway; Negative emotions; Adverse events; Nursing satisfaction

CT	20	14	11
CT	20-77	52.13±5.65	11
CT	6	10	18
CT	15	23-74	52.09±5.83
CT	13	10	11
CT	5	12	12
CT	17		P 0.05

### 1 资料及方法

#### 1.1

68 例 CT 增强检查患者, 分为参考组 (34 例, 常规护理) 和护理组 (34 例, 临床护理路径), 比较两组护理结果。

1.2 CT 15.73± 2.00 min CT  
 t=4.022 P=0.000

CT 2.2 P 0.05  
 1 P

0.05 1 [  $\bar{x} \pm s$  ]

3 CT  
 CT

n=34	42.23± 3.23	33.28± 4.65	55.78± 5.28	41.03± 4.28
n=34	42.05± 3.13	25.43± 3.65	55.03± 5.03	33.28± 3.78
t	0.233	7.743	0.600	7.914
P	0.816	0.000	0.551	0.000

2.3

P 0.05 2

2 n %

1.3  
 1 CT  
 2  
 Carroll 0-52 0-72

n=34	4 11.76	3 8.82	2 5.88	9 26.47
n=34	1 2.94	1 2.94	0 0.00	2 5.88
<sup>2</sup>				5.314
P				0.021

2.4

P 0.05

4 Scale-CVI 0.87  
 100 Cronbach s  
 0.91  
 60-89 0-59 90-100

3

3 n %

n=34	14 41.18	14 41.18	6 17.65	28 82.35
n=34	20 58.82	14 41.18	0 0.00	34 100.00
<sup>2</sup>				4.570
P				0.017

### 3 讨论

SPSS20.0  
<sup>2</sup>  $\bar{x} \pm s$  t P 0.05

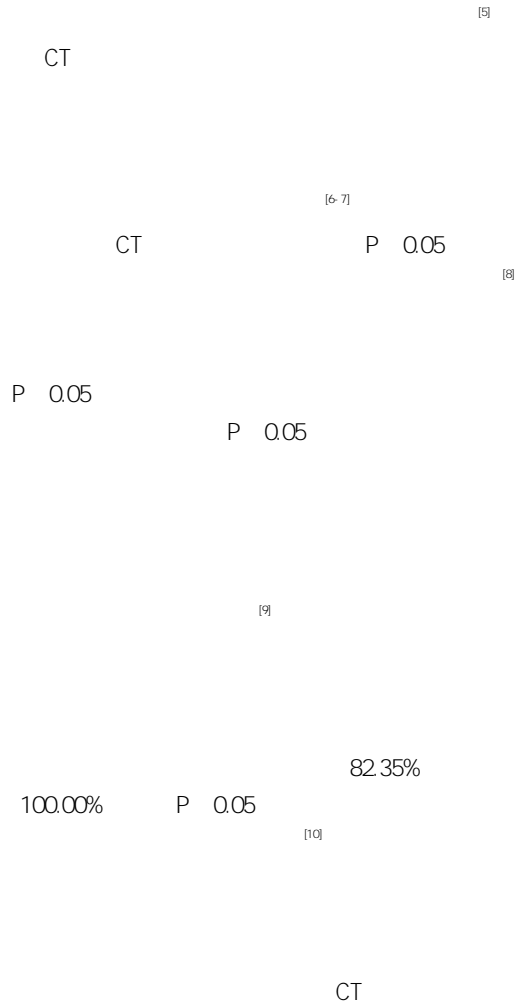
CT CT

## 2 结果

2.1 CT 18.02± 2.65 min  
 CT

[4] CT

CT



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