

全科医学的患者安全和临床风险管理

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【摘 要】: K.Popper(1902-1994)

> J.Reason 1963

【关键词】:

Patient Safety and Clinical Risk Management for General Practice

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Head of Higher Education in Healthcare, International University of Rome(UNINT)Italy Via San Godenzo Italy Rome 154 00189 Abstract: General practitioners are the first contact between the person, the family and the community with the health system. The philosopher and epistemologist K. Popper (1902-1994) recommended the need to register errors, in order to know them, catalog them and therefore prevent them. J. Reason in 1963 introduced the systemic approach to the study of errors with the theory of latent errors. The knowledge of the causal factors, or which in any case contribute, of possible errors, as well as of the latent gaps in the system, is a fundamental prerequisite for the construction of paths aimed at improving the quality of assistance, structures and organizational aspects.

Keywords: General practice; Patient; Safety and clinical risk management 引言

L.Leape[4]

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1 风险管理

J.Reason 1963

K.Popper(1902-1994)

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结论

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