

人文关怀对肛周疾病患者术后护理效果的影响分析

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【摘要】: 本篇文章是主要对人文关怀在患有肛周疾病的患者手术结束之后护理过程中发挥的作用进行研究。具体方法: 搜集了本院在 2017 年 3 月 14 日-2018 年 3 月 14 日之间所收治的患有肛周疾病的患者, 共 120 名, 随机的将患者分为两组, 每组有 60 名患者, 具体划分为实验组与对照组, 对于实验组的患者采用人文关怀护理法, 而对照组则采用普通的护理方法, 对两组患者的护理效果进行对比。结果发现: 实验组的患者在手术结束之后的出现并发症的概率与对照组相比较低, 同时满意程度也比对照组好。得出最终的结论: 在患有肛周疾病的患者手术结束之后, 采用人文关怀护理的方法, 不仅能够有效的减少患者在手术后出现并发症的概率, 还能够很大程度的提高患者的生活质量与水平, 因此该护理方法应当被广泛的推广并应用。

【关键词】: 人文关怀; 肛周疾病; 术后护理; 影响分析

Analysis of the Effect of Humanistic Care on Postoperative Nursing of Patients with Perianal Diseases

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Abstract: This article mainly studies the role of humanistic care in the nursing process of patients with perianal diseases after surgery. Specific methods: 120 patients with perianal diseases admitted by our hospital from March 14, 2017 to March 14, 2018 were collected. The patients were randomly divided into two groups, with 60 patients in each group, specifically divided into the experimental group and the control group. Humanistic care nursing method was used for patients in the experimental group, while ordinary nursing methods were used for the control group. The nursing effects of the two groups were compared. The results showed that the probability of complications in the experimental group was lower than that in the control group after the operation, and the degree of satisfaction was also better than that in the control group. The final conclusion is that after the operation of patients with perianal diseases, the use of humanistic care nursing can not only effectively reduce the probability of complications after the operation, but also greatly improve the quality of life and level of patients. Therefore, this nursing method should be widely promoted and applied.

Keywords: Humanistic care; Perianal diseases; Postoperative care; Effect analysis

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16

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1.2

1 基本资料与研究方法

1.1

2017 3 14 -2018 3 14

120

1.2.1

1.2.2

1.2.5

1.2.3

1.3

7

1.2.4

1.4

2 研究结果

2.1

1

	1			%
n=60	57 95.00	59 98.33	55 91.67	53 88.33
n=60	41 68.33	37 61.67	39 65.00	34 56.67
X ²	14.249	25.208	12.570	15.089
P	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05

2.2

2

	2			%
n=60	1 1.67	0	1 1.67	2 3.33
n=60	6 10.00	3 5.00	7 11.67	16 26.67
X ²				12.810
P				0.05

3 讨论

4 结论

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